#### **Power Measurement**

# Power Measurement Transducer

### AD-LU 50 GT

#### Description

The digital power measuring transducer AD-LU 50 GT measures all quantities of the three-phase network (current, voltage, energy, harmonics, phase angle, active power, reactive power, apparent power ... ) and converts these measuring values onto two freely scalable analogue outputs (20 mA / 10 V). The unit is therefore optimal suitable for integration in energy management systems. 3- or 4-wire systems can be measured. 4-wire networks can be loaded balanced or unbalanced, whereby 3-wire networks can only be measured balanced. The AD-LU 50 GT is supplied via its measuring voltage L1. The current measuring is carried out via the bar-type transformer mounted on the front. For measuring of high voltages or high currents, external transformers can be connected in series at any time. The AD-LU 50 GT can be read out and parameterised via the integral interface with the aid of the available AD-Studio. An LED at the front signals the operating condition. The compact type of construction and the high performance ability with simultaneous low energy consumption allows usage in almost any application.

#### **Application**

Typical usage in plant, machines or energy management systems for balancing and determination of energy distribution.



#### Specific characteristics

- compatchdessigrement via clamp on current transformers
- supplied via its measuring voltage L1
- current and voltage output
- · monitoring all variables of the three-phase network
- parameterization via AD-Studio

#### **Business data**

#### Order number

Power measurement transducer AD-LU 50 GT AD-LU 50 GT

#### Accessory (optional)

VarioPass3 USB-Schnittstellenadapter AD-Studio Konfigurationssoftware

### Power Measurement

# Power Measurement Transducer

### AD-LU 50 GT

#### **Technical specifications**

Current-inputs (I1...I3)

Measuring ranges 0 ... 1 A AC; 0 ... 5 A AC;

0 ... 20 A AC

Max. conductor diameter 4,8 mm
Max. measurable harmonic 40

Voltage-inputs (L1...L3)

Measuring range 80 ... 253 V AC Input resistance > 900 kOhm

**Output current** 

Output range 0/4 ... 20 mA
Max. load 400 Ohm
Resolution 11 Bit
Residual ripple 25 µAss

**Output voltage** 

Output range 0/2 ... 10 V
Min. load 10 kOhm
Resolution 11 Bit
Residual ripple 30 mVss

Supply

Voltage range AC 80 ... 253 V AC, 50/60 Hz (see

voltage-inputs)

Nominal voltage AC 230 V AC Power consumption max. 3,9 VA

Transfer behavior - in reference to the current value

Basic accuracy < 0,5 % (class 0.5)

Temperature influence 80 ppm/K Response time < 0,5 s

Housing

Dimensions (WxHxD) 71x90x70 mm

Type of protection IP 20
Connection method screw clamp

Terminals, wire cross section 2,5 mm² flex wire / 4 mm² one wire

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Bolting torque terminals} & 0,6 \mbox{ Nm} \\ \mbox{Skinning length} & 6 \mbox{ mm} \\ \mbox{Weight} & \sim 170 \mbox{ g} \\ \end{array}$ 

Manner of fastening 35 mm DIN rail 35mm

**Environmental conditions** 

Ambient temperature -10 ... 50 °C

Storage and transport -10 ... 70 °C (no condensation)

**EMC** 

Product family standard EN 61326-1 1)

Emitted interference EN 55011, CISPR11 Cl. B, Gr. 1

**Electrical safety requirements** 

Product family standard EN 61010-1

Overvoltage category II
Pollution degree 2

Safety measurement EN 61010-2-030

Measurement category CAT III

Galvanic isolation, test voltages

Power supply to analog 4 kV, 50 Hz (1 min.)

outputs

Power supply to relay 4 kV, 50 Hz (1 min.) Relay to analog outputs 4 kV, 50 Hz (1 min.)

**Protection circuits** 

Input electrical surge protection

Power supply protection against over-temperature,

over-voltage and over-current

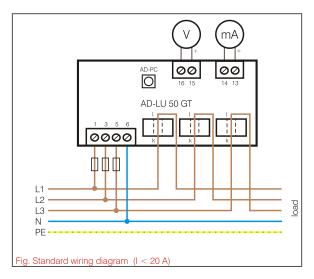
Analog outputs electrical surge protection

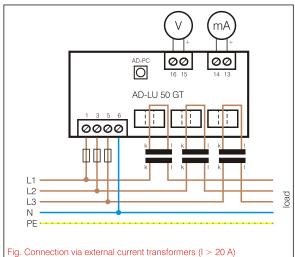
1) During checking, slight signal deviations are possible.

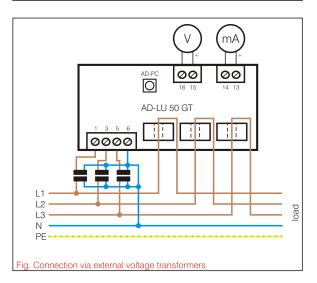
# Power Measurement Transducer

## AD-LU 50 GT

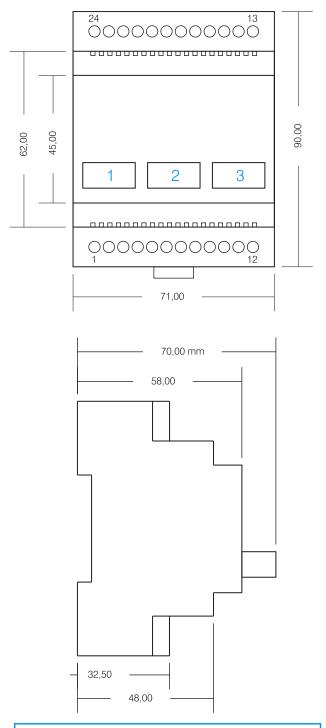
### Block and wiring diagram







### **Dimensions**



Für die Messung symmetrischer Lasten kann das Gerät so umparametriert werden, dass nur ein Stromwandler für die Messung notwendig ist. In diesem Fall bitte die Strommessung mit Stromwandler 1 auf Phase L1 durchführe